



Ozone Mapping and Profiler Suite (OMPS)

Overview

Dr. Sarah Lipscy
Ball Aerospace and Technologies Corp.

OMPS Instrument Scientist & OMPS Deputy Program Manager August 26, 2015



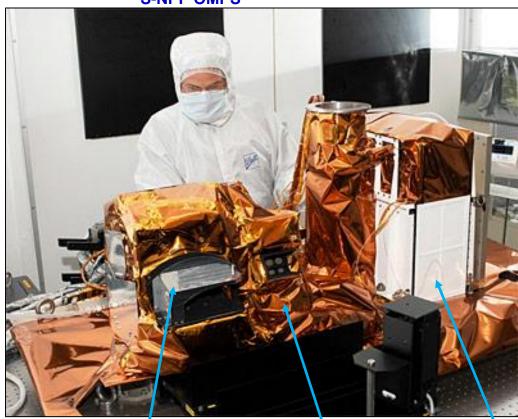




Ozone Mapping and Profiler Suite (OMPS)







Nadir Sensor:

Nadir Mapper (NM) Spectrometer

&

Nadir Profile (NP) Spectrometer

Limb Profile (LP)
Spectrometer

Main Electronics Box (MEB)

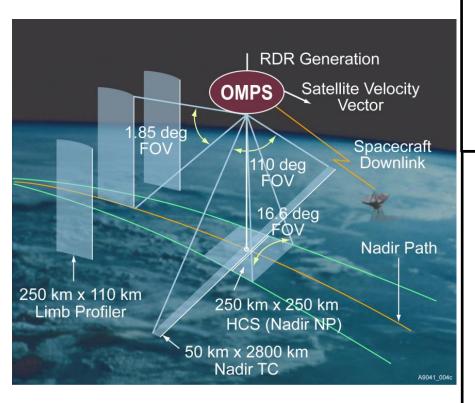


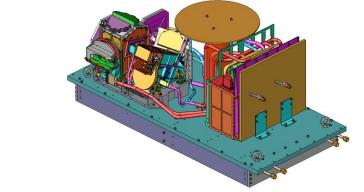


OMPS Configurations and Views



- OMPS sensors nadir and limb use the same electronics box
- Nadir spectrometer footprints overlap

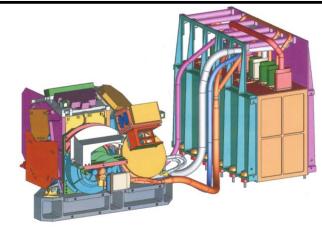




S-NPP OMPS: Nadir and Limb sensors

- Launched October 2011

JPSS-2 OMPS: Nadir and Limb sensors

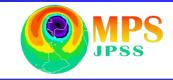


JPSS-1 OMPS: Nadir sensor only





Ball Aerospace's Role in OMPS



Spectrometers:

- Design
- Integrate & Align
- Characterize & Calibrate
- Environmental Test
- Modeling
- Day 1 Calibration Tables (SCDBs)
- Focal Plane Assemblies:
 - Procure Chip-on-Carriers
 - Design and build FPA
 - **Environmental Test**
 - Modeling
- **Electronics:**
 - Design
 - Integrate & Test
 - **Environmental Test**
 - Modeling



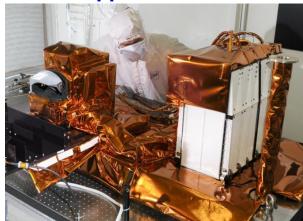
Integrated Sensor Suite

- Integrate
- Environmental Test
- Modeling
- Day 1 CONOPS Tables

Post-Delivery Support

- Pre-Launch Support
- Post-Launch Support





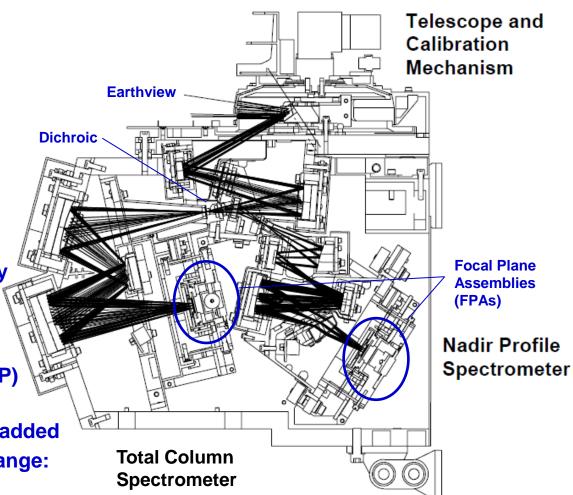




OMPS Sensors: Nadir Mapper and Profiler



- Nadir Profiler (250 310 nm)
- Nadir Mapper (300 380 nm)
- Shared telescope; separate spectrometers and FPAs
- Shutter-less
- Changes S-NPP OMPS to J1 OMPS:
 - Diffuser: Al to QVD; ~67%
 reduction in irradiance and
 albedo calibration uncertainty
 due to decreased fine
 structure effects
 - Data Rate: Maximum rate increased from 196 kbps (NPP) to 409.6 kbps (J1)
 - Data compression capability added
 - NM Calibrated Wavelength Range:
 380 nm to 417 nm (~420 nm)

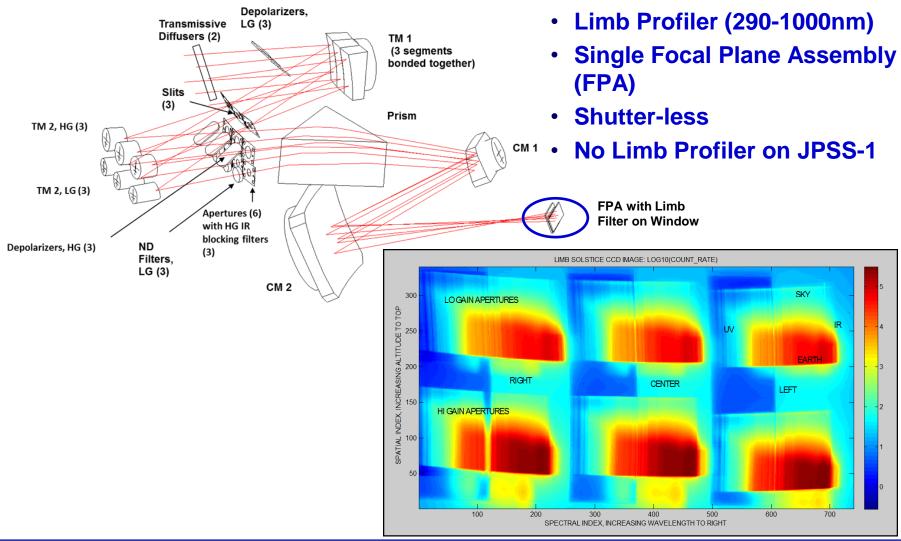






OMPS Sensors: Limb Profiler



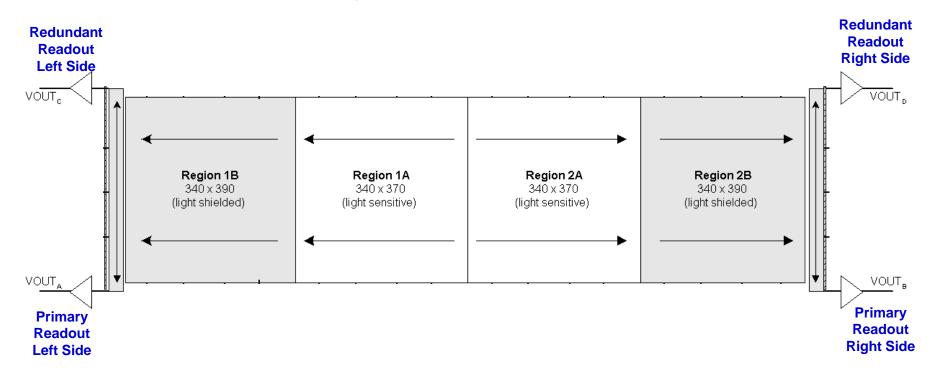




OMPS Focal Planes



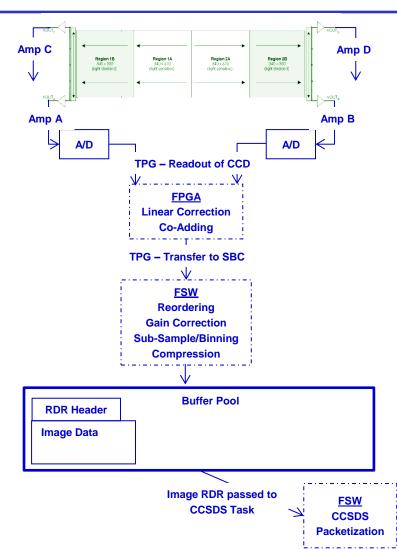
- Operated at -45C (NP and LP) or -30C (NM)
- Custom split frame transfer CCDs operated in backside illuminated configuration. Two halves read out separately.
 - Binning can occur only along readout
- Equipped with anti-blooming drains





OMPS Image Data Flow





Uploadable Tables Control:

- Linear correction (on/off & table to apply)
- Co-adding (on/off & number)
- Reordering (on/off)
- Gain Correction (on/off & table to apply)
- Sub-Sampling & Binning (a.k.a. Sample Table; on/off & table to apply)
- Compression (on/off)







OMPS Flexibility



- With the uploadable tables, OMPS is very flexible
 - TPGs: Integration times, Coadds, Binning, Sub-sampling, and Linearity Correction Tables

BATC-delivered Image Data Products	Along-Track Resolution	Cross-Track Resolution	Spectral Pixels
NM – NPP Earthview	Image every 7.5 seconds – (6 co- added frames of 1.25 seconds)	Each macro-pixel is binned from 20 individual pixels	196 wavelength pixels
NM – J1 "Hi-Res" Earthview	Image every 1.25 seconds - (No co-adding)	Each macro-pixel is binned from 5 individual pixels	210 wavelength pixels
NP – NPP Earthview	Image every 37.4 seconds – (3 co- added frames of 12.5 seconds)	All spatial pixels binned into a single "spatial" column	148 wavelength pixels
NP – J1 "Hi-Res" Earthview	Image every 7.5 seconds – (No coadding)	Spatial pixels binned into 5 different "spatial" columns	148 wavelength pixels

With increased data rate allocation and available on-board data compression for OMPS J1, we have increased along-track resolution of Nadir Mapper Earthview image product by \sim 6x, and the cross track by \sim 4x – in addition to sending \sim 420 nm wavelength pixels.

- Stored Command Sequences (CBM): allow modification to on-orbit timing
 - » i.e. begin/end of Earthview imaging or calibration or change to activities on dark-side





OMPS Status



- S-NPP OMPS: Performing on-orbit
- JPSS-1 OMPS: January 2015 successful integration to spacecraft
- JPSS-2 OMPS: Delivery Planned August 2018







